

Write your questions  
and thoughts here!

### Finding the Domain

Three scenarios to watch for when looking for a **restriction** on the domain.

1.  $f(x) = \frac{x-5}{x+1}$

2.  $f(x) = \sqrt{7x+3}$

3.  $f(x) = \ln(2x+1)$

Find the domain of each function.

1.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-x}{x}$

2.  $f(x) = \frac{3x\sqrt{x+5}}{x}$

3.  $h(x) = \frac{5}{2-\sqrt{x}}$

4.  $\ln\left(\frac{x}{x-4}\right)$

5. Where is the function continuous?

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 2x - \frac{1}{7}, & x \leq 0 \\ \frac{3}{x-7}, & 0 < x \leq 3 \\ \frac{7x-15}{4x-20}, & x > 3 \end{cases}$$

## 1.12 Confirming Continuity Over an Interval

## Practice

Calculus

Find the domain of each function.

1.  $g(x) = \sqrt{12 - 2x}$

2.  $f(x) = \frac{x-7}{x^2-9x+14}$

3.  $f(x) = \ln(2x + 5)$

4.  $h(x) = \frac{5-x}{5-\sqrt{x}}$

5.  $h(t) = \frac{\sqrt{t-1}}{t^2-2t-48}$

6.  $h(x) = \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{5-x}}$

7.  $h(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x}{x-10}\right)$

8.  $w(t) = \frac{t^2-5}{2}$

9.  $h(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-5}}{x-3}$

10.  $f(x) = \frac{x+8}{x^2+8x}$

11.  $g(x) = \ln(\sqrt{x-7})$

12.  $g(t) = \sqrt{3-5t}$

## 1.12 Confirming Continuity Over an Interval

13. Let  $f$  be the function given below. On which of the following intervals is  $f$  continuous?

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3^x, & x \leq -1 \\ \frac{2x+3}{x+4}, & -1 < x \leq 0 \\ x^2 + 2x, & 0 < x < 4 \\ \tan(x) & x \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

- (A)  $(-5, 0)$       (B)  $(-0.5, 3)$       (C)  $(3, 5)$       (D)  $(5, \infty)$
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14. Which of the following functions is not continuous on the interval  $-\infty < x < \infty$ ?

- (A)  $f(x) = \cos(x)$   
(B)  $g(x) = \frac{1}{1+2^{-x}}$   
(C)  $h(x) = \frac{1}{x^6+x^4+x-2}$   
(D)  $v(x) = x^6 + x^4 + x - 2$
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15. Which of the following functions are continuous on the interval  $1 < x < 6$ ?

- I.  $f(x) = \frac{x-4}{x^2-16}$   
II.  $g(x) = \frac{x-4}{x^2+16}$   
III.  $h(x) = \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

- (A) II only  
(B) I and II only  
(C) I and III only  
(D) II and III only