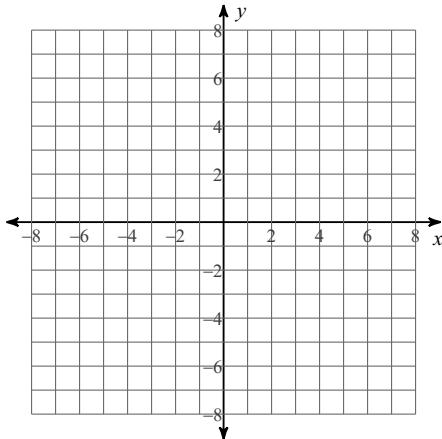


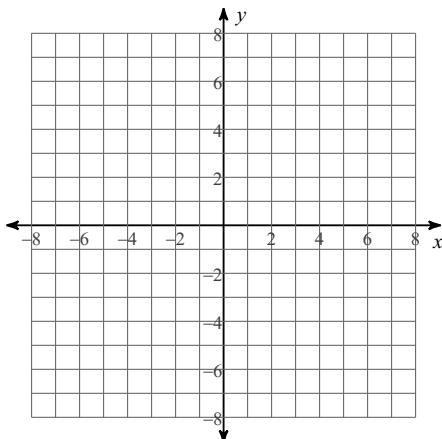
Extra Practice of Rational Functions

For each function, identify the holes, intercepts, horizontal and vertical asymptote, and domain. Then sketch the graph.

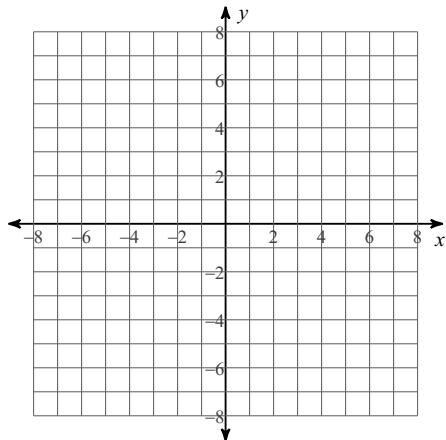
1) $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 3x - 18}{x^2 + 3x}$



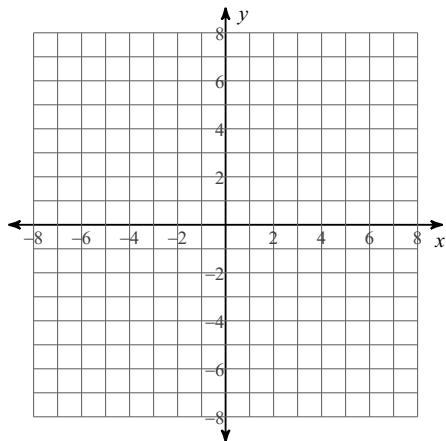
2) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 12}{-4x + 4}$



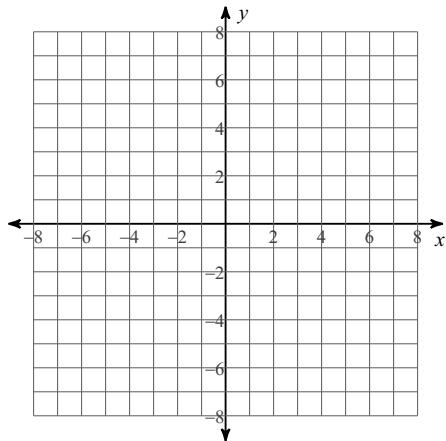
3) $f(x) = \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x}{4x^2 + 12x}$



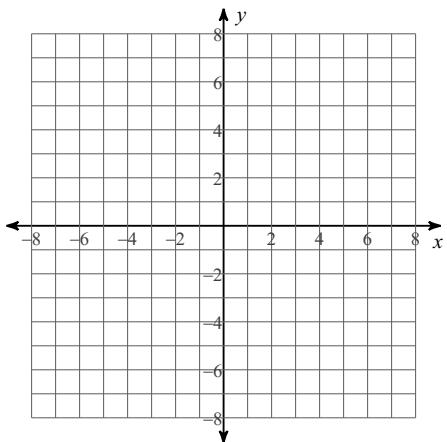
4) $f(x) = \frac{x+4}{-2x+8}$



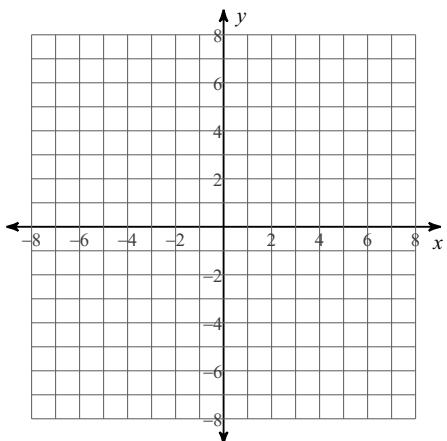
5) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{-4x - 8}$



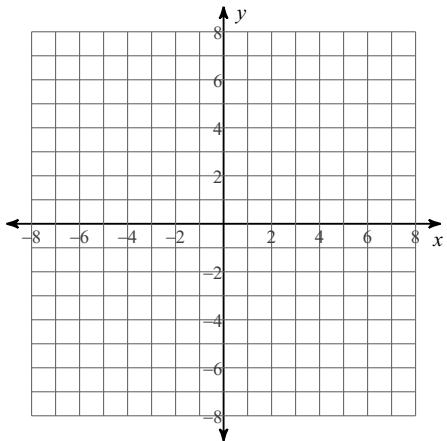
6) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 16}{3x^2 - 12}$



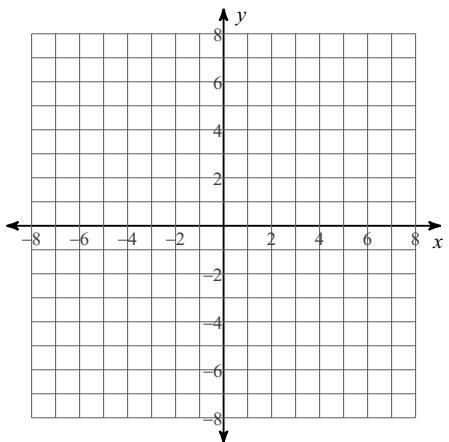
7) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{-4x^2 + 4x + 24}$



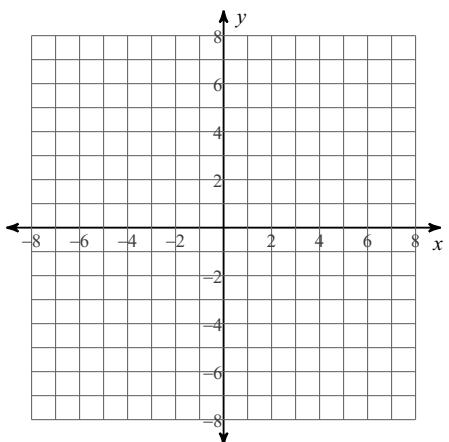
8) $f(x) = \frac{2x - 2}{x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x}$



$$9) \ f(x) = \frac{-2x^2 - 12x - 16}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$$



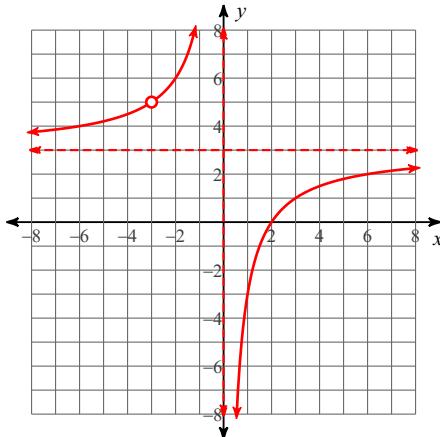
$$10) \ f(x) = \frac{2}{x^2 - 3x}$$



Extra Practice of Rational Functions

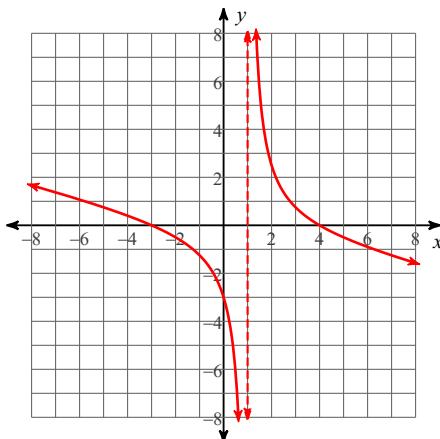
For each function, identify the holes, intercepts, horizontal and vertical asymptote, and domain. Then sketch the graph.

1) $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 3x - 18}{x^2 + 3x}$



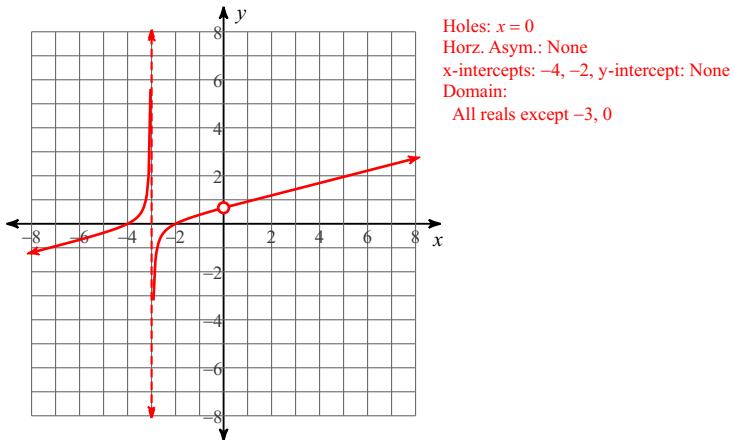
Holes: $x = -3$
Horz. Asym.: $y = 3$
x-intercepts: 2, y-intercept: None
Domain:
All reals except 0, -3

2) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 12}{-4x + 4}$

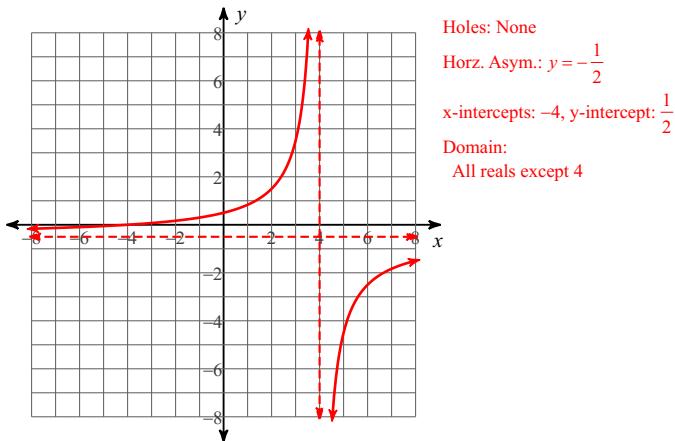


Holes: None
Horz. Asym.: None
x-intercepts: 4, -3, y-intercept: -3
Domain:
All reals except 1

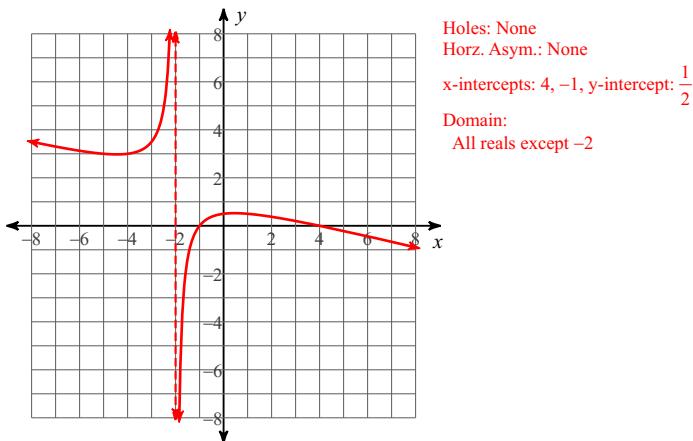
3) $f(x) = \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x}{4x^2 + 12x}$



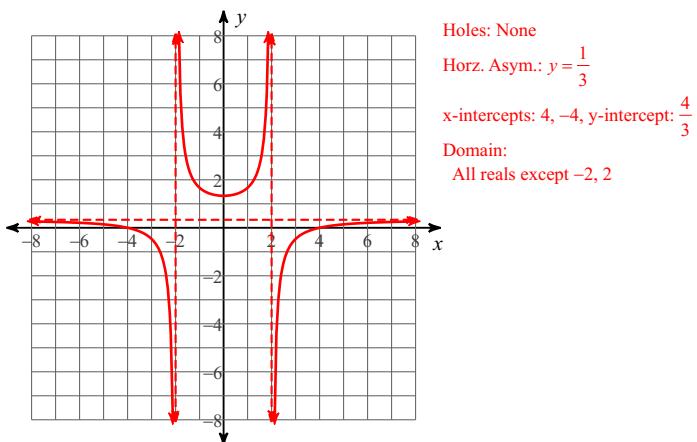
4) $f(x) = \frac{x+4}{-2x+8}$



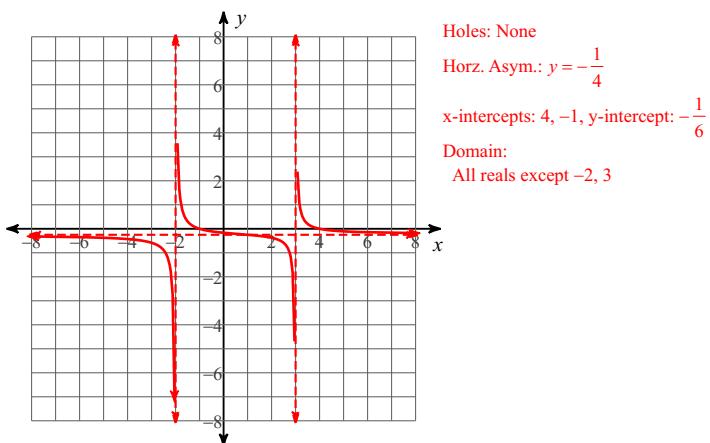
5) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{-4x - 8}$



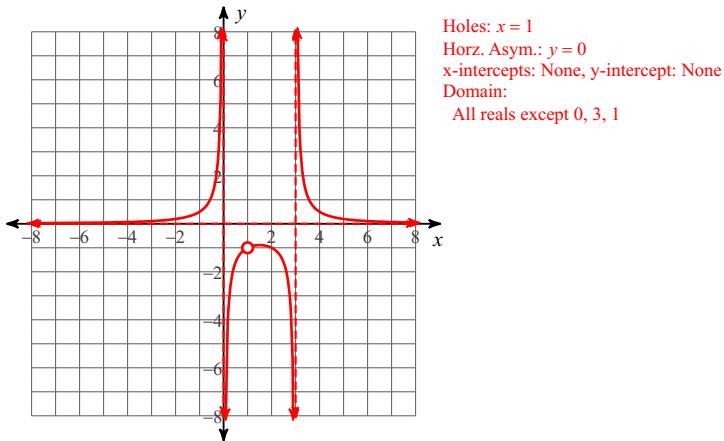
6) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 16}{3x^2 - 12}$



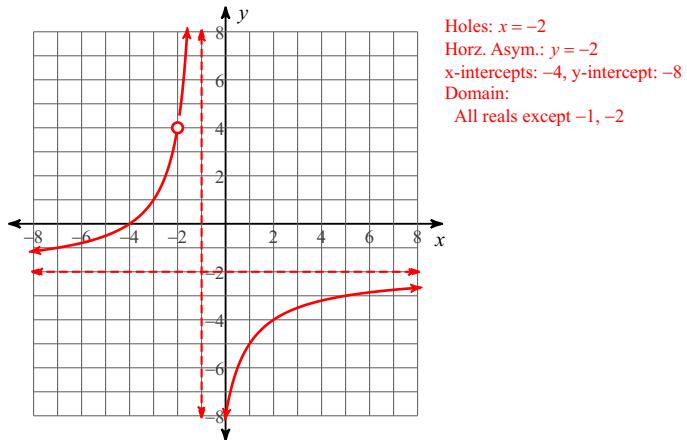
7) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{-4x^2 + 4x + 24}$



8) $f(x) = \frac{2x - 2}{x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x}$



9) $f(x) = \frac{-2x^2 - 12x - 16}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$



10) $f(x) = \frac{2}{x^2 - 3x}$

