

Name _____

Factoring Review

- ① Completely factor each polynomial
 ② Determine all of the real roots of the polynomial

Poly-nomialCompletely factored formRoots

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 3x^2 + 3x - 18 = 0$$

$$3(x+3)(x-2) = 0$$

$$x = -3$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x^3 - x^2 - 6x = 0$$

$$x(x^2 - x - 6) = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

$$x = -2$$

$$x = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad -3x^2 - 3x + 18 = 0$$

$$-3(x+3)(x-2) = 0$$

$$-3(x^2 + 1x - 6)$$

$$x = -3$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad x^2 + x - 6 = 0$$

$$(x+3)(x-2) = 0$$

$$x = -3$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad -4x^2 - 16x - 12 = 0$$

$$-4(x+1)(x+3) = 0$$

$$-4(x^2 + 4x + 3)$$

$$x = -1$$

$$x = -3$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad x^2 - x = 0$$

$$x(x-1) = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad -4x - 16 = 0$$

$$-4(x+4) = 0$$

$$x = -4$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad -2x - 6 = 0$$

$$-2(x+3) = 0$$

$$x = -3$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad x^3 - 9x = 0$$

$$x(x-3)(x+3) = 0$$

$$x(x^2 - 9)$$

$$x = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

$$x = -3$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad 3x^2 - 6x - 9 = 0$$

$$3(x-3)(x+1) = 0$$

$$3(x^2 - 2x - 3)$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = -1$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad 3x^2 - 12x = 0$$

$$3x(x-4) = 0$$

$$x = 0 \quad x = 4$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$$

$$(x-3)(x+1)$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = -1$$

$$\textcircled{13} \quad x^3 - 16x = 0 \quad x(x-4)(x+4) \quad x = 0 \\ x(x^2 - 16) \quad x = 4 \\ x(x-4)(x+4) \quad x = -4$$

$$\textcircled{14} \quad -4x^2 + 4x + 24 = 0 \quad -4(x-3)(x+2) \quad x = 3 \\ -4(x^2 - x - 6) \quad x = -2$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad x^2 + 2x = 0 \quad x(x+2) \quad x = 0 \\ x(x+2) \quad x = -2$$

$$\textcircled{16} \quad -4x + 8 = 0 \quad -4(x-2) \quad x = 2$$

$$\textcircled{17} \quad 2x + 6 = 0 \quad 2(x+3) \quad x = -3$$

$$\textcircled{18} \quad 2x^2 + 10x + 12 \quad 2(x+2)(x+3) \quad x = -2 \\ 2(x^2 + 5x + 6) \quad x = -3$$

$$\textcircled{19} \quad x^2 + 3x + 2 \quad (x+2)(x+1) \quad x = -2 \\ (x+1)(x+2) \quad x = -1$$