

Solutions version 5000

- ① $P = 5000$
 $r = 3.9\%$
 $r = 0.039$
 $n = \text{weekly}$
 $n = 52$

Model
 $A(x) = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)^{52x}$

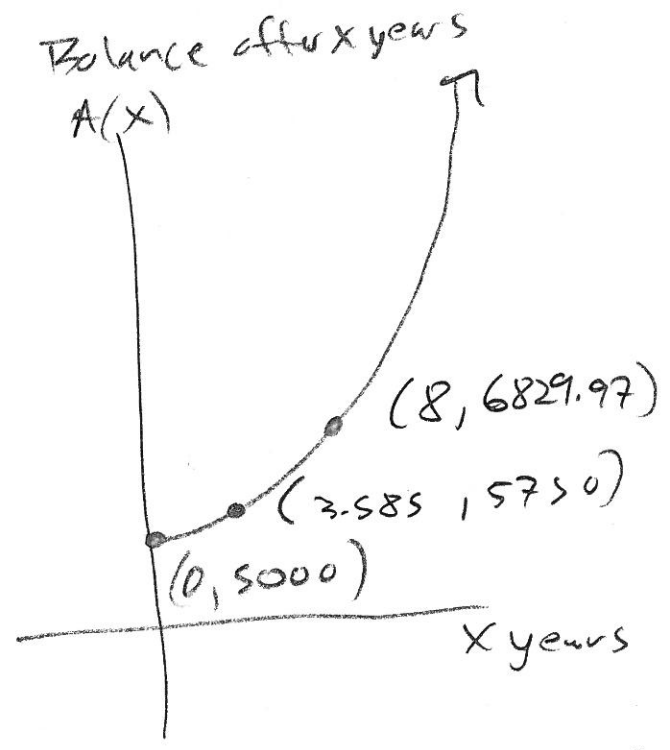
- ② What is Account balance in 8 years?

$$A(8) = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)^{52 \cdot 8}$$

$$= 5000 \left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)^{416}$$

$$= 5000(1.00)^{416}$$

$$\approx$$



- ③ When will the population reach 5750?

$$A(x) = 5750$$

$$5750 = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)^{52x}$$

$$\frac{5750}{5000} = \frac{5000 \left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)^{52x}}{5000}$$

$$\frac{5750}{5000} = \left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)^{52x}$$

$$\log\left(\frac{5750}{5000}\right) = \log\left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)^{52x}$$

OR

$$\log\left(\frac{5750}{5000}\right) = 52x \log\left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)$$

$$\frac{\log\left(\frac{5750}{5000}\right)}{52 \log\left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)} = \frac{52x \log\left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)}{52 \log\left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)}$$

$$\log\left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right) \left(\frac{5750}{5000}\right) = 52x$$

$$x = \frac{\log\left(\frac{5750}{5000}\right)}{52 \log\left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right)}$$

$$x \approx \frac{\log\left(1 + \frac{0.039}{52}\right) \left(\frac{5750}{5000}\right)}{52}$$

Solutions version 5000

$$A(x) = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{0.072}{12} \right)^{12x}$$

Initial Investment

$r = 0.072$ $n = 12$

$P = 5000$ (5)

$r = 0.072$
 $r\% = 100r = 7.2\%$ (4)

$n = 12$
 $n = \text{monthly}$ (6)

(#7) If you keep initial investment = 5000 and $r = 0.072$ but change to quarterly $n = 4$

New Model

$$A(x) = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{0.072}{4} \right)^{4x}$$

monthly model ↗

Solutions version 5000

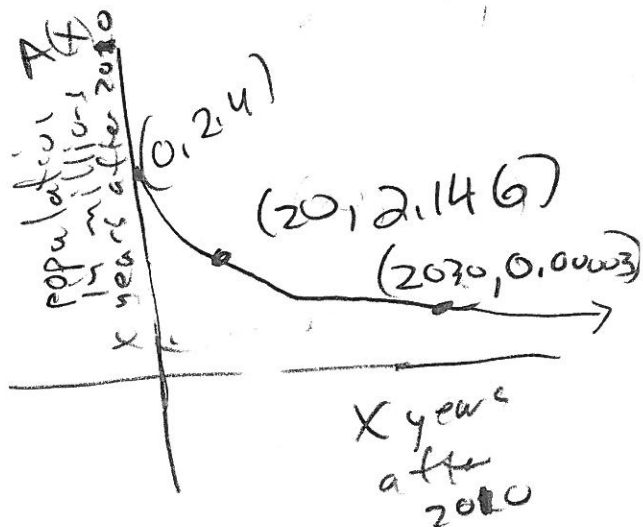
$$A(x) = 2.4 e^{-0.0056x} \rightarrow \text{years after 2010}$$

Initial Population
2.4 million

$r = 0.0056$
 $100r = 0.56\%$
 $r\% = 0.56\%$

#11

Population
X years after
2010



Note

$X=0$ year 2010

$X=20$ year 2010 + 20 = 2030

$X=2030$ year 2010 + 2030
year 4040

#12 When will this population reach 1500000?

Which equation? $\frac{1500000}{1000000} = 1.5 \text{ million}$

$$\text{So } 1.5 = 2.4 e^{-0.0056x}$$

Why is $1500000 = 2.4 e^{-0.0056x}$
wrong?

1,500,000 in this model is

actually $1500000 \div 1000000 = 1.5$

Solutions SOOO version

$$A(x) = 2.4 e^{-0.0056x}$$

↘ years since 2010

↓
population
x years
after
2010

↓
2.4 million
initial
population

↓
 $r = 0.0056$
 $r\% = 0.56\%$

So $A(2030)$ means Population 2030 years after 2010 or
Population at 2010 + 2030
4040 year

$$A(2030) = 2.4 e^{-0.0056(2030)}$$

(#13)

$$= 2.4 e^{-}$$
$$\approx 0.0000277 \rightarrow 0.0000277 \text{ million}$$

this is the population in year 4040

$A(20)$ means Population 20 years after 2010
or $2010 + 20 = 2030$
year 2030

(#14)

$$A(20) = 2.4 e^{-0.0056(20)}$$
$$= 2.4 e^{-}$$
$$\approx 2.146 \rightarrow 2.146 \text{ million}$$

(#15) Population in 2030 is approximately 2.146 million and decreases